

Part IV: Training Intervention

## Non-Conventional Soft Skills Training Intervention for Garment Factory Workers - How do we train soft skills? -

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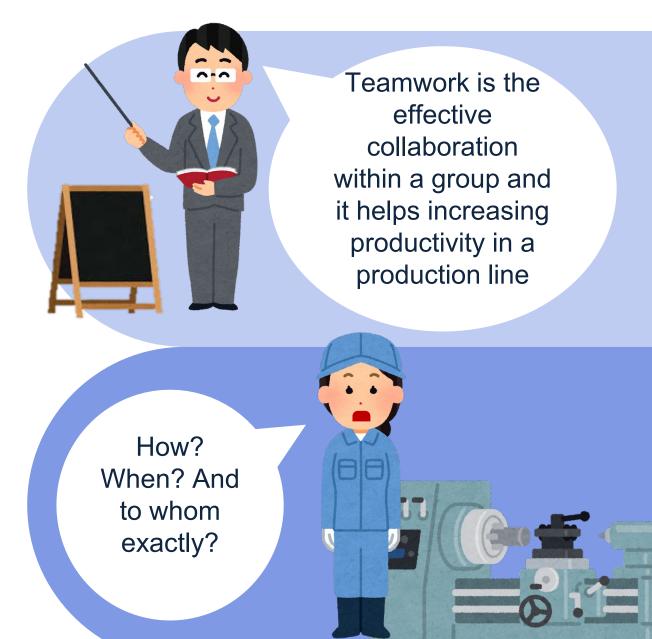
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## What are the challenges in training soft skills?

Interpreting the idea to fit into the specific work conditions.

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- Soft skills tend to be taught in an abstract and general manner, so most of the trainings offer knowledge on soft skills at conceptual levels.
- However, recently, there are arguments that soft skills should be learned contextually. Trainees may find it difficult to connect generals concepts with their everyday situations at the workplace (Laker & Powell, 2011).



## Decalative knowledge VS Procedural knowledge

## How many doors in your house?

# How many letters are there in English Alphabet?



## Decalative knowledge

VS

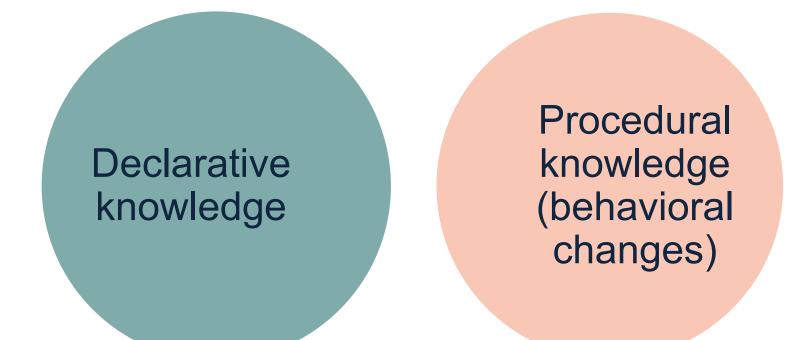
- The knowledge that helps individuals to name, explain and talk about matters.
- Knowledge of 'what'
- E.g. explaining the method, giving examples
- Learners receive new knowledge in declarative form.





- The knowledge that helps us to act and perform tasks.
- Knowledge of 'how'
- E.g. the body knowing how to maintain balance while riding the bike, teachers knowing how to transform knowledge to students
- Expertise develops over time through actual trial and error.

## What do we expect from soft skill training?



- Conventional training methods such as lecturing may create some changes in trainees' declarative knowledge, but might not be sufficient to motivate behavioral changes.
- Aiming to capture also changes at behavioral levels, the SKY project employs 'Behavior Modeling Training' to initiate the soft skills training module.

## **Behavior Modeling Training**

- Behavior Modeling Training, also known as BMT, is grounded on the Sociallearning theory of Bandura (1977).
- Social-learning theory emphasizes that individuals learn by observing others' behaviors.
- Observed behaviors might not be learned unless the observation goes through the following steps of the modeling process;

(1) Attention, (2) Retention, (3) Reproduction, and (4) Motivation.

### 5 steps in BMT approach

explaining trainees well-defined behaviors to be learned

 Decker and Nathan (1985) proposed five sub-steps of the BMT from the original modeling process as follows;

presenting models performing the to-be-learned behaviors

> providing trainees opportunities to practice the behaviors

providing feedback to trainees

guiding trainees to transfer the learned behaviors to their job.

## **Games** as the training delivering method

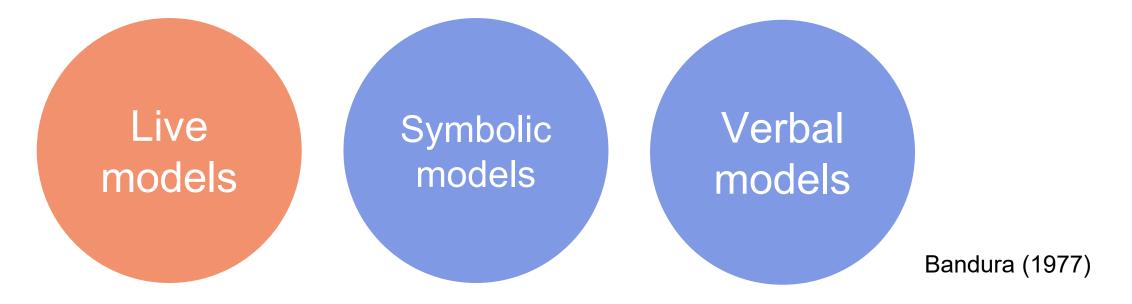
- In the current decade, the spotlight on game-based learning is sharply expanding in the field of education along with the extreme growth of technology (Armstrong & Landers, 2018).
- SKY projects merges the concept of BMT with a package of board games.
- Not only to give trainees more relaxed training atmosphere, games offer more significant elements to accelerate the effectiveness of BMT.

## Games as the workplace simulation practice

- Many researchers suggest that learning soft skills in the workplace simulation is the most effective way (Dawe, 2002; Shuman et al., 2005; Talavera et al., 2007).
- Game design and endless creatable functions of games can create any mimicked actual place, situations, and even intangible concepts of things.
- By practicing through games, the employees will know how to properly behave when encountering real-life challenges they have already confronted in games.
- Practicing in the game reduces the risk of loss in real life and allow players to repeatedly
  explore different possibilities of behaviors' consequences through a trial and error process in
  a gamified setting.
- The SKY project's board games are designed based on actual production lines as well as other elements in garment factories, such as garment pieces, sewing stations, and recycle bins.

## Games enable remote trainings

 Using games in BMT training enables remote training and minimizes the time consumption and cost of live models.

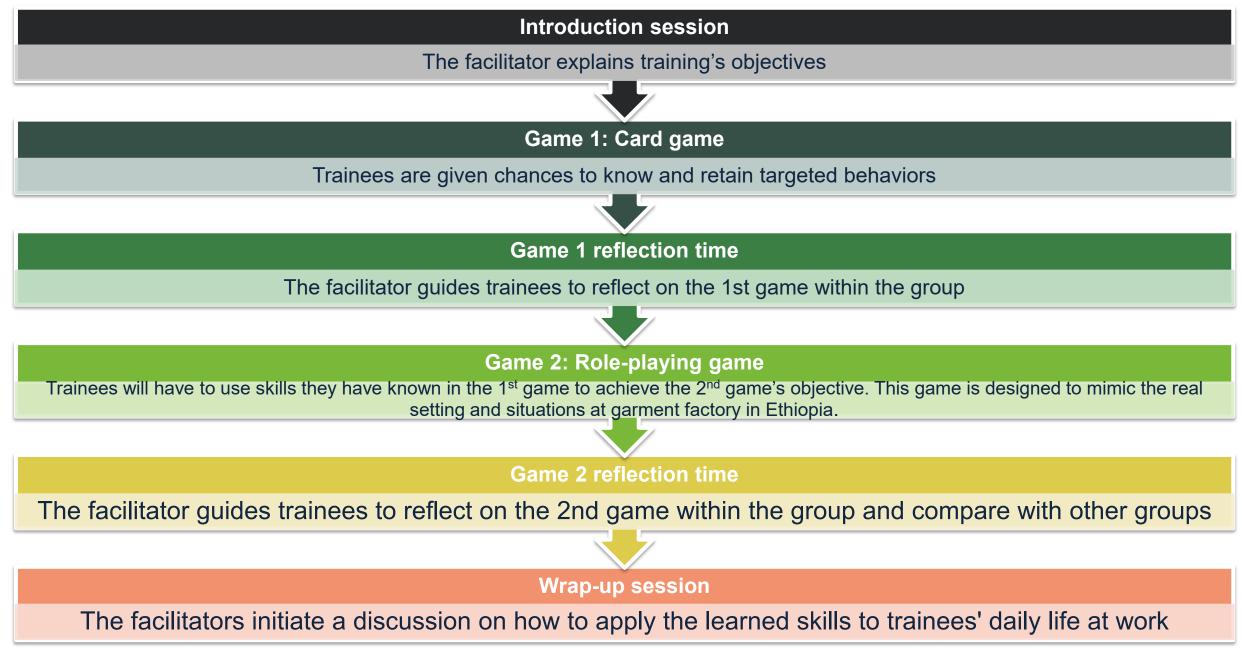


- Models in our games are mainly in symbolic and verbal instructional.
  - (1) Cards with illustration and verbal instructions,
  - (2) Games' board and other elements' design

## Games create the sense of achievement

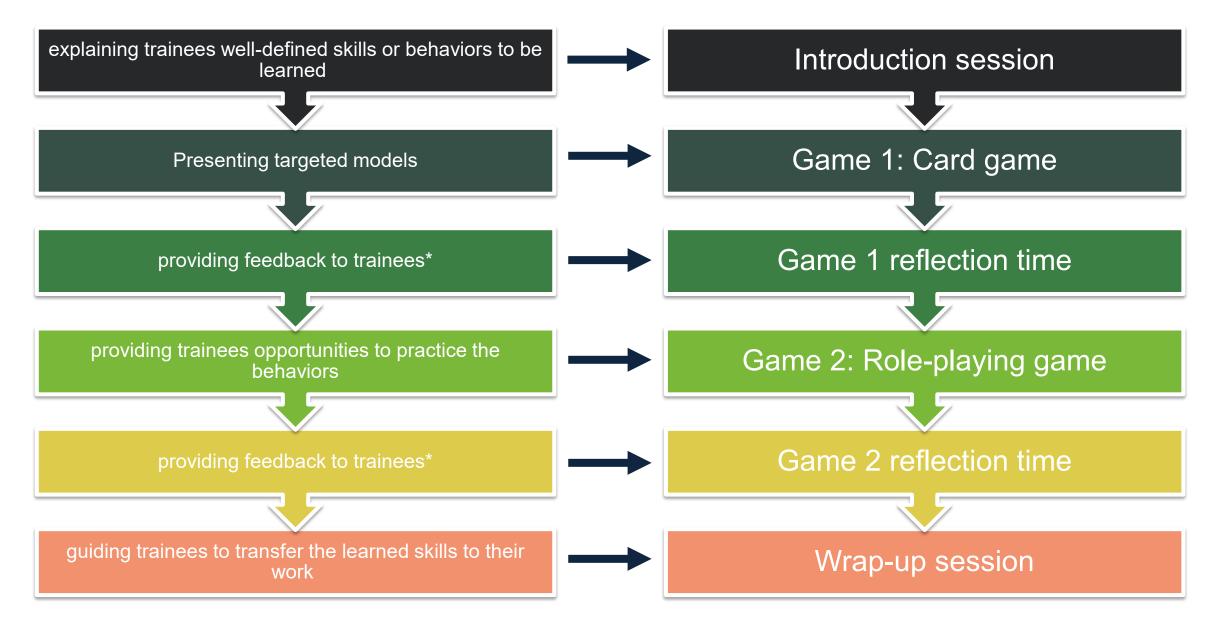
- The functions of games in BMT grant players a sense of accomplishment, which is considered internal rewards.
- Bandura's (1977) Social learning theory: Internal factor connect observed behaviors with learners' motivation to imitate and transfer them to real situations.
- Internal/mental factor: individuals' internal reward or self-satisfaction, such as sense of achievement.
- Games enlarge the positive intrinsic reinforcement through many creative functions.
- In the game of the SKY training module, there are both goal setting and quest functions. We create a trainees' soft skill progress board for placing the received cards in front of them to provide a sense of acquiring particular skills indirectly.

## **Structure of SKY's training package**



#### **BMT** approach's steps

#### SKY's training package





#### References

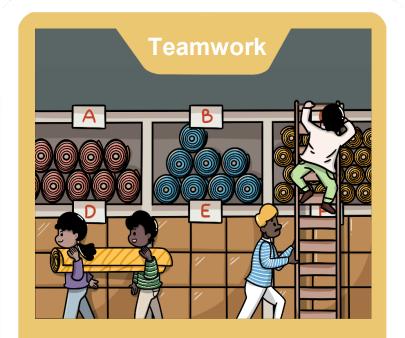
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### Illustration card: Soft skills card



I always organize tools neatly so that it is easy to find.

First aid 00 0 I use first aid to minimize injury



I help my colleages when they need assistance.